

A stylized paper airplane icon in shades of blue and grey is positioned above a dashed grey line that forms a curved flight path across the upper middle section of the cover.

CIVIL AVIATION DIRECTIVE – 8101

GENERAL⁺ PROVISIONS

CAAM PART 21 SUBPART A

CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY OF MALAYSIA

ISSUE 01
REVISION 00 – 1ST MAY 2021

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Introduction

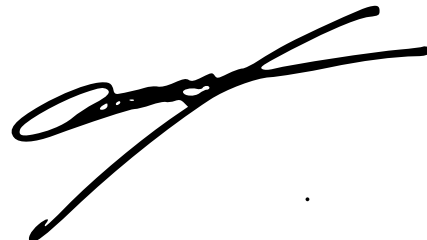
In exercise of the powers conferred by section 24O of the Civil Aviation Act 1969 (Act 3), the Chief Executive Officer makes this Civil Aviation Directives (CAD) 8101– General Provisions (CAAM Part 21 Subpart A), pursuant to Regulation 21, 23, 24 and 193 of the Malaysian Civil Aviation Regulations (MCAIR) 2016.

This CAD provides the procedures, requirements and mandatory obligations pertaining to general provisions for CAAM Part 21 for any matters in relation thereto.

This Civil Aviation Directive 8101 – General Provision (CAAM Part 21 Subpart A) is published by the Chief Executive Officer under section 24O of the Civil Aviation Act 1969 [Act 3] and come into operation on 1st May 2021.

Non-compliance with this CAD

Any person who contravenes any provision in this CAD commits an offence and shall on conviction be liable to the punishment under section 24O of the Civil Aviation Act 1969 [Act 3].



(Captain Chester Voo Chee Soon)
Chief Executive Officer
Civil Aviation Authority of Malaysia

Civil Aviation Directive Components and Editorial practices

This Civil Aviation Directive is made up of the following components and are defined as follows:

Standards: Usually preceded by words such as “*shall*” or “*must*”, are any specification for physical characteristics, configuration, performance, personnel or procedure, where uniform application is necessary for the safety or regularity of air navigation and to which Operators must conform. In the event of impossibility of compliance, notification to the CAAM is compulsory.

Recommended Practices: Usually preceded by the words such as “*should*” or “*may*”, are any specification for physical characteristics, configuration, performance, personnel or procedure, where the uniform application is desirable in the interest of safety, regularity or efficiency of air navigation, and to which Operators will endeavour to conform.

Definitions: Terms used in the Standards and Recommended Practices which are not self-explanatory in that they do not have accepted dictionary meanings. A definition does not have an independent status but is an essential part of each Standard and Recommended Practice in which the term is used, since a change in the meaning of the term would affect the specification.

Notes: Included in the text, where appropriate, Notes give factual information or references bearing on the Standards or Recommended Practices in question but not constituting part of the Standards or Recommended Practices;

It is to be noted that some Standards in this Civil Aviation Directive incorporates, by reference, other specifications having the status of Recommended Practices. In such cases, the text of the Recommended Practice becomes part of the Standard.

The units of measurement used in this document are in accordance with the International System of Units (SI) as specified in CAD 5. Where CAD 5 permits the use of non-SI alternative units, these are shown in parentheses following the basic units. Where two sets of units are quoted it must not be assumed that the pairs of values are equal and interchangeable. It may, however, be inferred that an equivalent level of safety is achieved when either set of units is used exclusively.

Any reference to a portion of this document, which is identified by a number and/or title, includes all subdivisions of that portion.

Throughout this Civil Aviation Directive, the use of the male gender should be understood to include male and female persons



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1 General

1.1 Citation

- 1.1.1 These Directives are the Civil Aviation Directives 8101 – General Provisions (CAAM Part 21 Subpart A), Issue 01/Revision 00, and comes into operation on 1st May 2021.
- 1.1.2 This CAD 8101 – General Provisions (CAAM Part 21 Subpart A), Issue 01/Revision 00 will remain current until withdrawn or superseded.

1.2 Applicability

- 1.2.1 This CAD shall be applicable to—
- a) an applicant for a certificate of approval under regulation 21 of the MCAR; or
 - b) a holder of a certificate of approval issued under regulation 21 of the MCAR.
 - c) an applicant for a Type Certificate under regulation 23 of the MCAR;
 - d) a holder of a Type Certificate issued under regulation 21 of the MCAR;
 - e) an applicant for an aeronautical product approval under regulation 23 of the MCAR;
 - f) a holder of an aeronautical product approval under regulation 23 of the MCAR;
 - g) an applicant for Supplemental Type Certificate under regulation 24 of the MCAR;
 - h) a holder of Supplemental Type Certificate under regulation 24 of the MCAR;
 - i) an applicant for major modification or repair design approval under regulation 24 of the MCAR; or
 - j) a holder of major modification or repair design approval under regulation 24 of the MCAR.

1.3 Revocation

- 1.3.1 This CAD, revokes Notice 8101 issue 1 dated 17 June 2020.

1.4 Definition

- 1.4.1 In this CAD, unless the context otherwise requires:

Airworthiness directive means a document issued or adopted by CAAM which mandates actions to be performed on an aircraft to restore an acceptable level of safety, when evidence shows that the safety level of this aircraft may otherwise be compromised;

CAAM means Civil Aviation Authority Malaysia

CAD means Civil Aviation Directive

Certificate of Approval means a certificate of approval issued under Regulation 21 of the MCAR; and

MCAR means Civil Aviation Regulations.

2 Failures, Malfunction And Defects [21.3A]

2.1 System for Collection, Investigation and Analysis of Data.

- a) The holder of a type certificate, supplemental type certificate, aeronautical product approval, major repair design approval or any other relevant approval deemed to have been issued under Regulation 21, 23 and 24 of the MCAR 2016 shall have a system for collecting, investigating and analysing reports of and information related to failures, malfunctions, defects or other occurrences which cause or might cause adverse effects on the continuing airworthiness of the product, part or appliance covered by the certificate of approval
- b) Information about this system shall be made available to all known operators or owners of the product, part or appliance.

2.2 Reporting to CAAM

- a) The holder of a type certificate, supplemental type certificate, aeronautical product approval, major repair design approval or any other relevant approval deemed to have been issued under Regulation 21, 23 and 24 of the MCAR 2016 shall report to CAAM any failure, malfunction, defect or other occurrence of which it is aware related to a product, part, or appliance covered by the certificate of approval and which has resulted in or may result in an unsafe condition.

Note: The term 'unsafe condition' is provided under Airworthiness Guidance 8503.

- b) These reports shall be made using form CAAM/AW/8503-01 as soon as practicable and in any case dispatched not later than 48 hours after the identification of the possible unsafe condition, unless exceptional circumstances prevent this.

2.3 Investigation of Reported Occurrences

- a) When an occurrence reported under paragraph 2.2 of this CAD results from a deficiency in the design, or a manufacturing deficiency, the designer or the manufacturer as appropriate, shall investigate the reason for the deficiency and report to CAAM the results of its investigation and any action it is taking or proposes to take to correct that deficiency.
- b) If CAAM finds that an action is required to correct the deficiency, the designer, or the manufacturer as appropriate, shall submit the relevant data to CAAM.

3 Airworthiness Directives [21.3b]

3.1 An airworthiness directive shall be issued when:

- a) an unsafe condition has been determined by CAAM to exist in an aircraft, as a result of a deficiency in the aircraft, or an engine, propeller, part or appliance installed on this aircraft; and
 - b) that condition is likely to exist or develop in other aircraft.
- 3.2 When an airworthiness directive has to be issued to correct the unsafe condition referred to in paragraph 3.1 of this CAD, or to require the performance of an inspection, the holder of the certificate of approval issued under regulation 21 of MCAR 2016, shall:
- a) propose the appropriate corrective action or required inspections, or both, and submit details of these proposals to CAAM for approval; and
 - b) following the approval by CAAM, the proposals referred to under paragraph 3.2(a) of this CAD shall be made available to all known operators or owners of the product, part or appliance and, on request, to any person required to comply with the airworthiness directive, appropriate descriptive data and accomplishment instructions.
- 3.3 An airworthiness directive shall contain at least the following information:
- a) an identification of the unsafe condition;
 - b) an identification of the affected aircraft;
 - c) the action(s) required;
 - d) the compliance time for the required action(s);
 - e) the date of entry into force.

4 Coordination Between Design And Production [21.4]

- 4.1 The holder of a certificate of approval under regulation 21 of the MCAR pertaining to design organisation shall collaborate with the holder of a certificate of approval under regulation 21 of the MCAR pertaining to production organisation as necessary to ensure—
- a) the satisfactory coordination of design and production required by CAD 8201 as appropriate; and
 - b) the proper support of the continued airworthiness of the product, part or appliance.

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